

It's a pleasant surprise
to see my LUTS patient
this active



Doctor, you made sure
his Samness continues to
flow because **there is SAM**
in every LUTS patient



Doctor, you made sure
his Samness continues to
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In **Sexually Active Males** with **LUTS**

Rx
ALFOOTM
Alfuzosin Hcl extended release tablets 10 mg



Dr.Reddy's

Restores flow... Restores happiness

Alfuzosin Shows Improvement Of LUTS Without Affecting Ejaculatory Function^{1,2}

Tamsulosin versus alfuzosin for ejaculatory function in healthy subjects¹

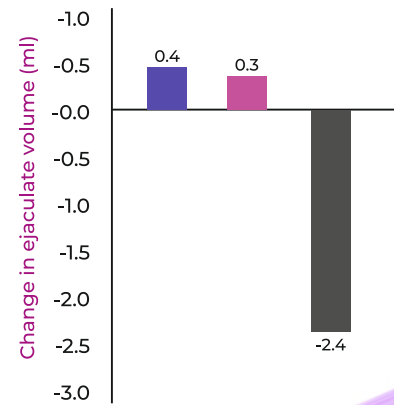
Tamsulosin resulted in significantly decreased ejaculate volume compared to alfuzosin or placebo¹

■ Placebo ■ Alfuzosin ■ Tamsulosin

Change from baseline in Ejaculate Volume (ml)

Mean changes(±SEM) are shown *p <0.0001 vs placebo; p <0.0001 vs ALF 10mg

Change from baseline in Ejaculate Volume (ml)



1: Hellstrom WJ, Sikka SC. Effects of acute treatment with tamsulosin versus alfuzosin on ejaculatory function in normal volunteers. J Urol 2006;176:1529-33 | Ref 2: Griwan M S, Singh S K, Indora J, Comparison of Alfuzosin and Tamsulosin Once Daily for Treatment of Lower Urinary Tract Symptoms due to Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia: A Randomized, Prospective Study. UroToday Int J. 2010 Jun;3(3)

Abride Prescribing Information

ALFOO (Alfuzosin Hydrochloride Extended-Release Tablets 10 mg)

Composition: Each uncoated extended-release tablet contains: Alfuzosin Hydrochloride BP 10 mg. Indications: For the treatment of the signs and symptoms of benign prostatic hyperplasia [BPH]. Dosage & administration: The recommended dosage is 10 mg daily to be taken immediately after the same meal each day. Contraindications: Patients with moderate or severe hepatic insufficiency, co-administration with potent CYP3A4 inhibitors, known hypersensitivity to alfuzosin or any other ingredients of the formulation. Warnings and Precautions: Care should be taken when alfuzosin HCl is administered to patients with symptomatic hypotension or patients who have had a hypotensive response to other medications. If symptoms of angina pectoris should newly appear or worsen, alfuzosin HCl extended-release tablets should be discontinued. Use with caution in patients with history of QT prolongation or on medications that prolong QT interval. Use in specific populations: Impaired Liver Function: Alfuzosin should not be given to patients with moderate or severe hepatic insufficiency. Impaired Kidney Function: Systemic exposure is increased by approximately 50% in patients with mild, moderate and severe renal insufficiency. Caution is advised in patients with severe renal dysfunction. Elderly Patients: No dose adjustment is necessary in the elderly as no overall differences in safety or efficacy were observed in clinical studies. Pregnant or Lactating Women: Alfuzosin HCl is not indicated for use in women. Adverse Reactions: The most common adverse events include dizziness, headache, fatigue, upper respiratory tract infection.

Overdosage: In cases of overdose leading to hypotension, support of the cardiovascular system is of first importance.

Date: 8th March 2019

Further information is available on request